

Wave Optics and Optical Metrology

- **Introduction**

Historical Introduction

Waves: harmonic waves, complex representation, phase velocity, wavefront types.

- **Basic Principles:**

Maxwell equations, wave equation, Poynting vector, intensity

Index of refraction, dispersion – absorption. Classical dispersion theory.

- **Polarization:**

Polarization state, degree of polarization, non polarized light.

Linear, elliptical, circular polarization

Jones vectors and matrices, Stokes parameters and Mueller matrices

Linear polarizers, retardation plates.

Birefringence: birefringent crystals, the dielectric tensor, refractive index ellipsoid, wavefront surface, eigen polarizations, optical activity,

Polarization by scattering, Polarization by reflection, evanescent waves

- **Interference:**

Group velocity, coherence, interference conditions, types and localization of interference fringes

Two wave interference, multiple plane wave interference

Wavefront splitting interferometers: Young's experiment

Amplitude splitting interferometers: Equal inclination fringes (thin film interference), Equal thickness fringes, interference under multiple reflections.

- **Wave propagation:**

- **Diffraction:**

Fresnel zones, Helmholtz-Kirchhoff integral theorem, Kirchhoff diffraction theory.

Fraunhofer and Fresnel diffraction: slit, rectangular, circular opening.

Resolution, diffraction limited systems.

Array of diffracting openings: multiple slits

- **Paraxial approximation:**

The paraxial wave equation, numerical examples

Equivalence to the Schrödinger equation

- **Eikonal equation :**

Optical rays,

Derivation of the eiconal equation, geometrical wave surfaces, ray equation, paraxial approximation

Propagation in inhomogeneous media.

- **Computational methods of wave propagation:**

- **Angular Spectrum**

Angular spectrum, paraxial approximation, application in the analytical solution of 1D Gaussian beam propagation.

- **Numerical solutions**

Introduction to the open source platform Maxima.

Virtual wave propagation and analysis laboratory *wP* (*wave Propagator*) & *wP Analysis*

Numerical examples

- **Optical metrology:**

- **Methods**

- Interferometry
- Holography
- Spectroscopy
- Spectral Interferometry

- **Applications**

- Material characterization
- Surface topology
- Thickness
- Optical radar
- Distribution of refractive index
- Concentration measurements

- **Wavefront shaping**

Basic principles.

Amplitude and phase Spatial Light Modulators (SLMs)

Generation of complex wavepackets

Numerical examples